WHAT'S IN THE Nutrition Label?

1. Start here —	Nutrition Fa Serving Size 1 cup (228g) Servings Per Container 2	cts
	Amount Per Serving	
2. Check	Calories 250 Calories from Fat 110	
calories	% Dail	y Value*
	Total Fat 12 g	18%
	Saturated Fat 3g	15%
3. Limit these —	Trans Fat 3g	-
nutrients	Cholesterol 30mg	10%
	Sodium 470mg	20%
	Total Carbohydrate 31g	10%
	Dietary Fiber Og	0%
	Sugars 5g	
	Protein 5g	
4. Get enough —	Vitamin A	4%
of these	Vitamin C	2%
nutrients	Calcium	20%
	Iron	4%
5. Footnote —	*Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your Daily Values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.	
	Calories: 2,000	2,500
	Total FatLess than65gSat FatLess than20g	80g 25g
	Cholesterol Less than 300mg	300mg
	Sodium Less than 2,400mg	2,400mg
	Total Carbohydrate 300g	375g
	Dietary Fiber 25g	30g

— 6. Quick guide to % DV

- 5% or less is low
- 20% or more is high

All the nutrients listed on the food label pertain to one serving of that food item. Pay attention to the serving size, especially how many servings there



The nutrients identified in green should be consumed in enough amounts to improve and maintain health and reduce the risk for some diseases

are in the food package. Then ask yourself, "How many servings am I consuming?" (1/2, 1 or more)

Calories provide a measure of how much energy you get from a serving of that food item. The number of servings you consume determines the number of calories you actually consume.

The nutrients identified in yellow should be consumed in limited amounts. Eating too much fat, saturated fat, trans fat, cholesterol or sodium may increase your risk for certain chronic diseases.

(Source: U.S. Food and Drug Administration, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition. "How to Understand and Use the Nutrition Facts Label". For detailed information see http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~dms/foodlab.html)

and conditions.



The footnote tells that the %DV for the nutrients listed on the food label are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. This statement does not change from product to product; it is always the same.



The Percent Daily Value (%DV) helps to determine if a serving of food is high or low in a nutrient. Generally, a 5% DV is considered low and a 20% or more is high.



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